В 5 mm 1 cm 3 mm 3 mm

Masdevallia xanthina

RCHB.F.
GARD. CHRON. 13(1): 681. 1880

Synonyms: *Masdevallia estradae* Rchb.f. var. *xanthina* (Rchb.f.) Veitch, Man. Orch. Pl. 5: 42. 1889.

Type: Colombia, without collection data, cultivated Apr. 1880 by *Vietch 165* (holotype: W).

Illustrated specimen: Colombia. Tolima: Municipality of Villahermosa, vereda Samaria, 3020 m, pluvial mountain forest. 23 July 2019. *M. A. Sierra-Ariza & A. Albino-Bohórquez 176* (TOLI; LCDP voucher).

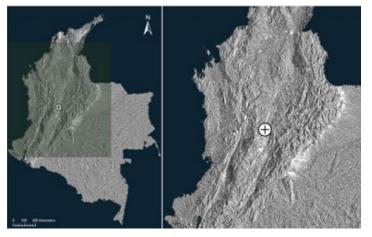
Plant epiphytic, caespitose, 6-10 cm tall. Roots white, slender. Ramicauls blackish, erect, slender, enclosed by 2-3 loose, fibrous, tubular sheaths. Leaf erect, coriaceous, oblong to elliptical, rounded at the apex, minutely tridentate, blade $5-9 \times 2-2.5$ cm, base cuneate into a slender, channelled petiole. Inflorescence a solitary flower borne from the base of the ramicaul, on an erect, slender, terete peduncle 6-7 cm long, with a blackish bract on the base. Subtending *floral bract*, tubular, acute, whitish. *Pedicel* terete. Ovary smooth, terete, ribbed, 5 mm long. Flowers resupinate. Dorsal sepal pale yellow, erect, obovate, concave, 5-veined, $19 \times$ 12 mm, slightly connate to the lateral sepals, rounded at the apex, contracted into a yellow, erect, slender tail 4-5 cm long. Lateral sepals white, pale yellow at base, with two small dark purple dots, elliptic, oblique, 15 × 10 mm, 3-veined, connate at base, the obtuse apices contracted into tails similar to that of the dorsal sepal, 5-6 cm long. Petals white, asymmetric, smooth, cartilaginous, 6×3 mm, the apex tridenticulate, the labellar margin thickened, forming a winglike callus basally incurved. Lip erect, oblong, white, suffused with light purple, smooth, membranous, the apex obtuse, with a dark purple apical lobule, with a pair of low longitudnal calli, the base rounded, hinged to the column foot. Column white, marked with purple, 5 × 3 mm, longitudinally winged, apically denticulate, column foot stout, with an incurved extension. Pollinia not seen.

Etymology: From the Greek *xanthós*, "yellow", in reference to the color of the flower.

Masdevallia xanthina belongs to a group of morphologically similar taxa belonging to Masdevallia Ruiz & Pav. subsect. Caudatae H.J. Veitch. Members of the species complex are distributed across the northern Andes and are characterized by the blackish ramicauls, large flowers, elongate, slender, yellow tails, white petals with a marginal callus curved basally and simple, erect lip with a dark apical callus. Individuals of Masdevallia xanthina and M. klabochorum Rchb.f. from different populations show variation in the shape and proportion of the floral parts; differing essentially in the flower color and presence or absence of "eye-spots" at the base of the lateral sepals.

Reference

Luer, CA. 2002. Icones Pleurothallidinarum XXIII. Systematics of *Masdevallia*, Part Four. *Monogr. Syst. Bot. Missouri Bot. Gard.* 87: 911-914.



LCDP: Masdevallia xanthina Rchb. f.. A. Habit. B. Flower. C. Dissected perianth. D. Ovary, column and lip. E. Lip, adaxial view. F. Column, side and ventral view. G. Petals.



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5 mm